

Request for Proposals

Mapping Coral Reef Fisheries in the Mariana Islands

December 9, 2015

Background Information

Island scale and within-reef spatial variation in fishing effort is not well understood in the Mariana Islands. Additionally, fisherman knowledge about effort and fish habitat are invaluable to fisheries management. The goal of this project is to identify and map coral reef fishing grounds to inform more accurate stock assessments, catch reporting, and descriptions of essential fish habitat or habitat areas of particular concern in the Mariana Islands. The objectives of this project are as follows:

- 1. Map fishing effort for the top 10 priority species in Guam and CNMI;
- 2. Identify important habitats for juvenile and adult life stages of key target species using local and traditional ecological knowledge collected from fishermen;
- 3. Identify areas of high fishing effort for different key targeted fish species; and
- 4. Inform fishermen about the status of fisheries, and collaborate with fishermen in forming appropriate fishing regulations and work towards implementation for more sustainable fishing practices.

As an outcome of the project, planners and ocean users will have a better understanding of where the important coral reef fishing grounds occur in the Marianas. These data will assist in marine planning and federal action agency planning.

Scope of Work

The species to be focused on will include those identified in a Productivity and Susceptibility Analysis done for Guam and CNMI through previous NOAA CRCP-funded projects on stock assessments. This analysis provided the Council with an idea of which species are more vulnerable to overfishing. The top species from these analyses that will be further looked at in this project include:

Guam	CNMI
Aprion virescens	Kyphosus vaigiensis
Varioloa louti	Cheilio inermis
Cheilinus trilobatus	Leptoscarus vaigiensis
Lethrinus rubrioperculatus	Cheilinus trilobatus
Scarus schlegeli	Epinephelus merra
Kyphosus vaigiensis	Monotaxis grandoculis

Monotaxis grandoculis	Lethrinus atkinsoni
Hipposcarus longiceps	Siganus spinus
Epinephelus merra	Acanthurus lineatus
Naso unicornis	Kyphosus cinerascens

TASK DESCRIPTION AND METHODOLOGY

There will be 4 parts to the proposed project, which will include: 1) collation of existing data 2) data collection through participatory mapping and GPS 3) data validation and analysis 4) stakeholder workshops

Data collation and collection - The first phase of the project will involve mapping existing creel survey data. These maps serve as a baseline of fishing effort in Guam and will be used as a starting point for participatory mapping exercises in the later stages of the project. Qualitative interviews will be undertaken combined with the use of maps and plastic overlays and/or digital whiteboards to identify fishing grounds and important habitat for different key target fish species, using a method similar to NOAA's participatory mapping methods, in a workshop setting. The project will also verify fishing activity using GPS loggers which will be deployed on fishing trips to validate effort data.

Data validation and analysis – One of the main aims of the project is to geographically map coral reef fishery fishing grounds to provide additional source data for determining potential differences in species composition, size structure, productivity (in terms of CPUE) and species seasonality. Trends in fishing effort will be identified through visualization and spatial analysis and described in a final report. Data validation will occur through presentation and soliciting feedback from fishermen in the second and third workshops. GPS data will be evaluated for use in validating participatory mapping data and improving existing catch reporting programs, particularly with respect to enhancing creel survey sampling coverage and separating federal and local landings. Important habitat information will inform reviews of Essential Fish Habitat and Habitat Areas of Particular Concern for federally managed species.

Stakeholder workshops – Three workshops will be organized for the fishing community throughout the duration of the project. The first will involve participatory mapping of fishing grounds and important habitat. Participants in the GPS data collection will receive GPS units, data collection forms, and training in the first workshop. A second will be held to present initial results and assess progress and acquire comments or concerns. A third will be held on completion of the project to present the derived results and maps, and identify further projects and activities of interest to the fishing communities. The initial participatory mapping workshop will be held in conjunction with the Council's June meeting in the Marianas, to the extent possible.

TASK SCHEDULE AND DELIVERABLES

Schedule

This is a two year project, but contracting and funding for the second year is contingent upon availability of funds and work performance. The first year will focus on Guam and the second on CNMI. In developing your proposal, please limit the project narrative to Guam and budget to \$35,000 for the first year of work.

Deliverables

- 1. Geodatabase with creel survey data, map documents, map book, and report of analysis methods and results
- 2. Workshop base maps and template geodatabase for first workshop
- 3. Draft geodatabase for second workshop
- 4. Final geodatabase, map documents and map book with fishing grounds and habitat information and final report
- 5. Monthly progress reports

All proposals shall be submitted by close of business on Thursday, December 17, 2015, ChST. Proposals should be sent by email to Rebecca Walker (Rebecca.Walker@noaa.gov) or by fax (808 522-8226) or by mail: Western Pacific Regional Fishery Management Council, 1164 Bishop St., Ste. 1400, Honolulu, HI 96813. Proposals must contain the following three items: 1) qualifications, 2) brief project narrative, and 3) budget. Ideally, the contractor will have experience with participatory mapping in marine environments in the Mariana Archipelago and familiarity with fisheries data collection programs in the Marianas. Funding for this project is through the Coral Reef Conservation Program.