

value, we preliminarily determine that a margin of 6.97 percent exists for Benkan for the period of review.

Parties to the proceeding may request disclosure within five days of the date of publication of this notice. Any interested party may request a hearing within 10 days of publication. Any hearing, if requested, will be held 44 days after the date of publication of this notice, or the first workday thereafter.

Case briefs and/or written comments from interested parties may be submitted not later than 30 days after the date of publication. Rebuttal briefs and rebuttals to written comments, limited to the issues raised in the case briefs and comments, may be filed not later than 37 days after the date of publication. The Department will publish the final results of this administrative review, including the results of its analysis of issues raised in any such written comments or at a hearing.

The Department shall determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. Individual differences between United States price and foreign market value may vary from the percentage stated above for Benkan. The Department will issue appraisal instructions directly to the Customs Service.

Further, as provided for in section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act, a cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties based on the above margin shall be required. For any future entries of this merchandise from a new exporter, not covered in this administrative review, whose first shipments occurred after February 28, 1990, and who is unrelated to the reviewed firm, a cash deposit of 6.97 percent will be required.

These deposit requirements are effective for all shipments of stainless steel butt-weld pipe and tube fittings from Japan, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review.

This administrative review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1)) and § 353.22 of the Commerce Department's regulations.

Dated: January 18, 1991.

Eric I. Garfunkel,
Assistant Secretary for Import
Administration.

[FR Doc. 91-1949 Filed 1-25-91; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-05-M

President's Export Council; Closed Meeting

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of a closed meeting.

SUMMARY: The President's Export Council is holding a meeting to discuss how it should organize based on issues of current importance in international trade. Briefings and discussions will cover trade performance and promotion, foreign market conditions, trade negotiating strategies, and relations with our trading partners, including the Soviet Union, Eastern Europe, Pacific Rim countries and Mexico, as well as other sensitive matters properly classified under Executive Order 12356. The President's Export Council was established on December 20, 1973, and reconstituted May 4, 1979, to advise the President on matters relating to U.S. export trade.

A Notice of Determination to close meetings or portions of meetings of the Council to the public on the basis of 5 U.S.C. 552b (c)(1) has been approved in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act. A copy of the notice is available for public inspection and copying in the Central Reference and Records Inspection Facility, room 6628, U.S. Department of Commerce (202) 377-4217.

DATES: February 5, 1991, from 9:30 a.m.—2 p.m.

ADDRESSES: Main Commerce Building, room 5843, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mrs. Wendy H. Smith, Director, President's Export Council, room 3215, Washington, DC 20230.

Dated: January 21, 1991.

Wendy H. Smith,

Staff Director, and Executive Secretary,
President's Export Council.

[FR Doc. 91-1887 Filed 1-25-91; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-08-M

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Intent To Evaluate; Coastal Resource Management Programs

AGENCY: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Commerce, National Ocean Service, Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management.

ACTION: Corrected notice of intent to evaluate.

Notice is hereby given that the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Ocean Service, Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management will not evaluate the Virgin Islands Coastal Management Program during the second quarter of fiscal year 1991, as previously published in the Federal Register on December 19, 1990, Doc. 90 29682.

(Federal Domestic Assistance Catalog 11.419 Coastal Zone Management Program Administration)

Dated: January 18, 1991.

Virginia K. Tippie,

Assistant Administrator for Ocean Services and Coastal Zone Management.

Western Pacific Crustacean Fisheries

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), NOAA, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of approval of Amendment 6 to the fishery management plan for crustacean fisheries of the western Pacific region.

SUMMARY: NOAA issues this notice that Amendment 6 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Crustacean Fisheries of the Western Pacific Region (FMP) has been approved. Amendment 6, which defines overfishing in compliance with national standards 1 and 2 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson Act), was submitted by the Western Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) for Secretarial review on October 16, 1990. No rulemaking is involved with this action.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 22, 1991.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Svein Fougner, NMFS, Southwest Region, (213) 514-6660, or Alvin Katekaru, NMFS, Pacific Area Office, Honolulu, Hawaii, (808) 955-8831.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A notice of availability of Amendment 6 was published in the Federal Register on November 2, 1990 (55 FR 46236), and comments were invited until December 20, 1990.

The guidelines to the national standards (50 CFR part 602) attendant to the Magnuson Act were revised in 1989 (54 FR 30711 *et seq.*) to require the Councils to amend their fishery management plans to include definitions of overfishing for their respective fisheries. The definition is intended to provide an objective and measurable standard for determining whether any species or stock under management has been overfished such that corrective

action must be taken to control fishing mortality.

For the crustacean fisheries in the western Pacific, the Council defined overfishing of crustacean stocks of slipper and spiny lobster as the point where the spawning potential ratio (SPR) of each stock equals 0.2 or below. The SPR is a measure of the relative reproductive potential of the stock and is calculated as the ratio of the spawning stock biomass per recruit (SSBR) of a fished population to the SSBR of the unfished population. Thus, spiny lobster or slipper lobster would be overfished if the respective SPR were equal to or less than 0.2. The analysis in Amendment 6 demonstrates that the size limits and other measures governing the fishery were selected to ensure that the SPR will remain well above the 0.2 threshold level.

The FMP includes a requirement for an annual report that summarizes the best scientific information available on the biological condition of crustacean resources. The report will contain an overview of the status of crustacean stocks relative to the overfishing threshold and any significant trends in the fishery that may increase the risk of overfishing. It is the Council's intent to manage the fishery to prevent reaching overfished condition.

No comments on the amendment were received.

The definition of overfishing, and the measures to implement the definition, have been determined to meet the approvability criteria of the national standard guidelines.

Classification

The Director, Southwest Region, NMFS, determined that Amendment 6 is necessary for the conservation and management of the precious corals fishery and is consistent with the Magnuson Act and other applicable law.

The Council included an environmental assessment (EA) in Amendment 6. The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA, concluded that there will be no significant impact on the human environment resulting from this amendment.

Because this amendment requires no implementing regulations, 5 U.S.C. section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act, E.O. 12291, and the Regulatory Flexibility Act do not apply to this notice of approval. There will be no impact on marine mammals or endangered species.

This amendment does not contain collection-of-information requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act.

The Council has determined that the proposed amendment is consistent to the maximum extent practicable with the coastal zone programs of the governments of Hawaii, American Samoa, and Guam and has asked for concurrence with this determination. The governments did not respond; therefore, concurrence is inferred.

Amendment 6 does not contain policies with federalism implications sufficient to warrant preparation of a federalism assessment under Executive Order 12612.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: January 22, 1991.

Michael F. Tillman,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Fisheries,
National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 91-1889 Filed 1-25-91; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-M

Western Pacific Precious Corals Fisheries

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), NOAA, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of approval of amendment 2 to the fishery management plan for precious corals.

SUMMARY: NOAA issues this notice that amendment 2 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Precious Corals Fisheries of the Western Pacific Region (FMP) has been approved. Amendment 2, which defines overfishing in compliance with national standards 1 and 2 of the Magnuson Act, was submitted by the Western Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) for Secretarial review on October 16, 1990. No rulemaking is involved in this action.

DATES: January 22, 1991.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Svein Fougner, NMFS, Southwest Region, (213) 514-6660, or Alvin Katekaru, NMFS, Pacific Area Office, Honolulu, Hawaii, (808) 955-8831.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A notice of availability of Amendment 2 was published in the *Federal Register* on November 2, 1990 (55 FR 46236), and comments were invited until December 20, 1990.

The guidelines to the national standards attendant to the Magnuson Act (50 CFR part 602) were revised in 1989 (54 FR 30711 *et seq.*) to require the Councils to amend all fishery management plans to include definitions of overfishing for their respective fisheries.

With regard to precious corals in the western Pacific, the Council defined overfishing of an established coral bed

as the point where the total spawning biomass (all species combined) has been reduced to 20 percent of its unfished condition, illustrated by the use of a spawning potential ratio (SPR), which is the ratio of the spawning stock biomass of a fished resource to the spawning stock biomass of an unfished resource.

The amendment also implements the requirement of an annual report that summarizes the best scientific information available on the biological condition of established precious coral beds. The report will contain an overview of the status of precious coral stocks and any significant trends in the fishery.

Three comments on the amendment were received. One individual suggested that the category "size of crew" be included in the annual report so that fishery employment in the fishery can be adequately represented. That suggestion has been adopted.

One individual asked for a clarification of Table 1 in the amendment, and another asked for an explanation of why SPR, which in the past has referred to spawning stock biomass per recruit, is used to refer to spawning stock biomass in the case of coral management. These comments have been referred to the Council for its attention.

Classification

The Director, Southwest Region, NMFS, determined that the Amendment, as approved, is necessary for the conservation and management of the precious corals fishery and is consistent with the Magnuson Act and other applicable law.

The Council included an environmental assessment (EA) in Amendment 2, and the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA, concluded that there will be no significant impact on the human environment resulting from this amendment.

Because the amendment requires no implementing regulations, 5 U.S.C. 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act, E.O. 12291, and the Regulatory Flexibility Act do not apply to this notice of approval. There will be no impact on marine mammals or endangers species.

This amendment does not contain collection-of-information requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act.

The Council has determined that the proposed amendment is consistent to the maximum extent practicable with the coastal zone programs of the governments of Hawaii, American Samoa, and Guam and has asked for concurrence with this determination.