The Hawaii and California-based Pelagic Longline Vessels Annual Report for 1 January-31 December 2022

Fisheries Research and Monitoring Division (FRMD) Pacific Islands Fisheries Science Center (PIFSC), NOAA Fisheries NOAA Inouye Regional Center 1845 Wasp Boulevard, Building 176, Honolulu, HI 96818

This annual report for the 1 January-31 December 2022 period contains summary data of fishing effort and catch statistics as reported on longline log sheets for Hawaii and California-based pelagic longline vessels. Data in this report originate from the PIFSC Information Management System (Oracle) table LLDS_RPT_STATS_HC20230223_RFMO, representing preliminary data received as of 23 February 2023. Catch and effort statistics are based on date of longline haul. When a statistic (number of vessels, trips) involves dates of haul in two summary periods (i.e., years, semi-annual, quarters), the item is counted in both summary periods. Thus, a trip total is for "partial and completed" trips. As such, these statistics are not additive (i.e., sum of four quarters is not the total for the year).

The following tables show fishery statistics for the stated time period, area, and set type, and include effort (number of vessels, trips, sets, and hooks set). For each listed species, organized by pelagic management unit species (PMUS) groups of billfish, shark, tuna, and other, the table includes the number of fish caught, kept, and released, and the catch per unit effort (CPUE), measured as the number of fish caught per 1000 hooks.

Additional figures show catch numbers, effort, and spatial distributions for important species for important species for the stated time period, area, and set type, for years 2000-2022.

Catch and effort summaries in this report were based on RFMO standards and business rules. Longline catch and effort statistics in this report consists of U.S. longline fisheries in the North Pacific Ocean, attributions from CNMI, Guam and American Samoa in the North Pacific Ocean. Longline vessels operating from California were also included in this report to satisfy RFMO data reporting and NOAA confidentiality standards. Some vessels operating in California had Hawaii limited-entry permits.

References:

Pacific Islands Fisheries Science Center, 2023: Hawaii Longline Logbook, https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/inport/item/2721

Southwest Fisheries Science Center, 2023: California Pelagic Longline Fishery, https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/inport/item/12906

Table 1.Hawaii and California-based pelagic longline vessels annual statistics for all fishing areas and all fishing
categories (set types), including effort (number of vessels, trips, sets, and hooks set). For each listed species,
organized by pelagic management unit species (PMUS) groups of billfish, shark, tuna, and other, the table
includes the number of fish caught, kept, and released, and the catch per unit effort (CPUE, number per 1000
hooks, calculated as the sum of fish caught divided by the sum of hooks set). Data Source: PIFSC Information
Management System, Longline Logbook Data.

| Report Coverage | | | Number of vessels active | | |
|---|-------|------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| Time Period 1 January Set Types All sets Fishing Area All Areas | | December 2022 | Number of Vessels active Number of trips (partial or completed) Number of sets Number of hooks set | | 147 1,598 22,155 64,395,070 |
| Pelagic Management Ur Species (PMUS) | nit | Number Caught | Number Kept | Number Released | CPUE Number Caught per 1000 Hooks |
| PMUS | | | | | |
| Billfish PMUS | | | | | |
| Blue marlin | | 7,158 | 7,117 | 41 | 0.11 |
| Striped marlin | | 11,521 | 11,361 | 160 | 0.18 |
| Shortbill spearfis | sh | 11,093 | 10,850 | 243 | 0.17 |
| Swordfish | | 13,233 | 12,898 | 335 | 0.21 |
| Other billfishes | | 465 | 455 | 10 | 0.01 |
| | Total | 43,470 | 42,681 | 789 | 0.68 |
| Shark PMUS | | | | | |
| Blue shark | | 84,975 | 0 | 84,975 | 1.32 |
| Mako sharks | | 2,297 | 23 | 2,274 | 0.04 |
| Thresher sharks | | 8,259 | 31 | 8,228 | 0.13 |
| Oceanic whitetip | shark | 410 | 0 | 410 | 0.01 |
| Silky shark | | 238 | 0 | 238 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 96,179 | 54 | 96,125 | 1.49 |
| Tuna PMUS | | | | | |
| Albacore | | 12,933 | 12,267 | 666 | 0.20 |
| Bigeye tuna | | 172,401 | 169,831 | 2,570 | 2.68 |
| Yellowfin tuna | | 85,036 | 83,182 | 1,854 | 1.32 |
| Bluefin tuna | | 15 | 14 | 1 | 0.00 |
| Skipjack tuna | | 12,617 | 12,457 | 160 | 0.20 |
| Other tunas | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 283,002 | 277,751 | 5,251 | 4.39 |
| Other PMUS | | | | | |
| Mahimahi | | 37,253 | 36,692 | 561 | 0.58 |
| Moonfish | | 4,984 | 4,978 | 6 | 0.08 |
| Wahoo | | 17,536 | 17,441 | 95 | 0.27 |
| Oilfish | | 9,891 | 7,968 | 1,923 | 0.15 |
| Pomfret | | 31,689 | 31,282 | 407 | 0.49 |
| | Total | 101,353 | 98,361 | 2,992 | 1.57 |
| Total PMUS | | 524,004 | 418,847 | 105,157 | 8.14 |
| Non-PMUS Shai | rks | 252 | 1 | 251 | 0.00 |
| Total Non-PMUS | | 6,546 | 162 | 6,384 | 0.10 |
| Total All Species | | 530,550 | 419,009 | 111,541 | 8.24 |

Table 2.Hawaii and California-based pelagic longline vessels annual statistics for fishing within the U.S. EEZ (main
Hawaiian Islands, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands, or the Pacific Remote Islands, and with all fishing
categories (set types), including effort (number of vessels, trips, sets, and hooks set). For each listed species,
organized by pelagic management unit species (PMUS) groups of billfish, shark, tuna, and other, the table
includes the number of fish caught, kept, and released, and the catch per unit effort (CPUE, number per 1000
hooks, calculated as the sum of fish caught divided by the sum of hooks set). Data Source: PIFSC Information
Management System, Longline Logbook Data.

| Set Types All set | uary-31 December 2022 s U.S. EEZ | Number of vessels active Number of trips (partial or completed) Number of sets Number of hooks set | | 136 818 5,631 16,608,234 |
|---|--|---|--------|---|
| Pelagic Management Unit Species (PMUS) | Number Caught | Number Number Kept Released | | CPUE Number Caught per 1000 Hooks |
| PMUS | | | | |
| Billfish PMUS | | | | |
| Blue marlin | 1,738 | 1,729 | 9 | 0.10 |
| Striped marlin | 3,318 | 3,290 | 28 | 0.20 |
| Shortbill spearfish | 3,482 | 3,447 | 35 | 0.21 |
| Swordfish | 949 | 921 | 28 | 0.06 |
| Other billfishes | 94 | 93 | 1 | 0.01 |
| | otal 9,581 | 9,480 | 101 | 0.58 |
| Shark PMUS | | | | |
| Blue shark | 20,171 | 0 | 20,171 | 1.21 |
| Mako sharks | 354 | 2 | 352 | 0.02 |
| Thresher sharks | 1,839 | 8 | 1,831 | 0.11 |
| Oceanic whitetip shar | rk 131 | 0 | 131 | 0.01 |
| Silky shark | 86 | 0 | 86 | 0.01 |
| | ital 22,581 | 10 | 22,571 | 1.36 |
| Tuna PMUS | | | | |
| Albacore | 650 | 642 | 8 | 0.04 |
| Bigeye tuna | 35,358 | 34,940 | 418 | 2.13 |
| Yellowfin tuna | 20,501 | 20,077 | 424 | 1.23 |
| Bluefin tuna | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Skipjack tuna | 3,607 | 3,568 | 39 | 0.22 |
| Other tunas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| То | tal 60,120 | 59,231 | 889 | 3.62 |
| Other PMUS | | | | |
| Mahimahi | 5,775 | 5,675 | 100 | 0.35 |
| Moonfish | 480 | 479 | 1 | 0.03 |
| Wahoo | 3,787 | 3,769 | 18 | 0.23 |
| Oilfish | 2,988 | 2,438 | 550 | 0.18 |
| Pomfret | 6,008 | 5,908 | 100 | 0.36 |
| То | ital 19,038 | 18,269 | 769 | 1.15 |
| Total PMUS | 111,320 | 86,990 | 24,330 | 6.70 |
| Non-PMUS Sharks | 66 | 0 | 66 | 0.00 |
| Total Non-PMUS | 2,472 | 67 | 2,405 | 0.15 |
| Total All Species | 113,792 | 87,057 | 26,735 | 6.85 |

Table 3.Hawaii and California-based pelagic longline vessels annual statistics for fishing outside the U.S. EEZ and with
all fishing categories (set types), including effort (number of vessels, trips, sets, and hooks set). For each
listed species, organized by pelagic management unit species (PMUS) groups of billfish, shark, tuna, and
other, the table includes the number of fish caught, kept, and released, and the catch per unit effort (CPUE,
number per 1000 hooks, calculated as the sum of fish caught divided by the sum of hooks set). Data Source:
PIFSC Information Management System, Longline Logbook Data.

| Report Coverage | | Number of | 145 | |
|---|------------------|------------------------|--|---|
| Set Types All se | | Number of Number of | Number of vessels active Number of trips (partial or completed) Number of sets | |
| Fishing Area Outsi | ide U.S. EEZ | Number of | hooks set | 47,786,836 |
| Pelagic Management Unit Species (PMUS) | Number Caught | Number Kept | Number Released | CPUE Number Caught per 1000 Hooks |
| PMUS | | | | - |
| Billfish PMUS | | | | |
| Blue marlin | 5,420 | 5,388 | 32 | 0.11 |
| Striped marlin | 8,203 | 8,071 | 132 | 0.17 |
| Shortbill spearfish | 7,611 | 7,403 | 208 | 0.16 |
| Swordfish | 12,284 | 11,977 | 307 | 0.26 |
| Other billfishes | 371 | 362 | 9 | 0.01 |
| т | otal 33,889 | 33,201 | 688 | 0.71 |
| Shark PMUS | | | | |
| Blue shark | 64,804 | 0 | 64,804 | 1.36 |
| Mako sharks | 1,943 | 21 | 1,922 | 0.04 |
| Thresher sharks | 6,420 | 23 | 6,397 | 0.13 |
| Oceanic whitetip sha | ark 279 | 0 | 279 | 0.01 |
| Silky shark | 152 | 0 | 152 | 0.00 |
| т | otal 73,598 | 44 | 73,554 | 1.54 |
| Tuna PMUS | | | | |
| Albacore | 12,283 | 11,625 | 658 | 0.26 |
| Bigeye tuna | 137,043 | 134,891 | 2,152 | 2.87 |
| Yellowfin tuna | 64,535 | 63,105 | 1,430 | 1.35 |
| Bluefin tuna | 11 | 10 | 1 | 0.00 |
| Skipjack tuna | 9,010 | 8,889 | 121 | 0.19 |
| Other tunas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| т | otal 222,882 | 218,520 | 4,362 | 4.66 |
| Other PMUS | | | | |
| Mahimahi | 31,478 | 31,017 | 461 | 0.66 |
| Moonfish | 4,504 | 4,499 | 5 | 0.09 |
| Wahoo | 13,749 | 13,672 | 77 | 0.29 |
| Oilfish | 6,903 | 5,530 | 1,373 | 0.14 |
| Pomfret | 25,681 | 25,374 | 307 | 0.54 |
| т | otal 82,315 | 80,092 | 2,223 | 1.72 |
| Total PMUS | 412,684 | 331,857 | 80,827 | 8.64 |
| Non-PMUS Sharks | 186 | 1 | , 185 | 0.00 |
| Total Non-PMUS | 4,074 | 95 | 3,979 | 0.09 |
| Total All Species | 416,758 | 331,952 | 84,806 | 8.72 |

Table 4. Hawaii and California-based pelagic longline vessels annual statistics for all fishing areas and with shallow set type, including effort (number of vessels, trips, sets, and hooks set). For each listed species, organized by pelagic management unit species (PMUS) groups of billfish, shark, tuna, and other, the table includes the number of fish caught, kept, and released, and the catch per unit effort (CPUE, number per 1000 hooks, calculated as the sum of fish caught divided by the sum of hooks set). Data Source: PIFSC Information Management System, Longline Logbook Data.

| Report Coverage | | | Number of vessels active | | 22 | |
|--|---|---------------|---|----------|---------------------------------|--|
| Time Period Set Types Fishing Area | 1 January-31 Shallow sets All Areas | December 2022 | Number of trips (partial or completed) Number of sets Number of hooks set | | 68 856 1,075,993 | |
| Pelagic Management | : Unit | Number | Number | Number | CPUE | |
| Species (PMUS) | | Caught | Kept | Released | Number Caught per 1000 Hooks | |
| PMUS | | | | | | |
| Billfish PMUS | | | | | | |
| Blue marlin | | 49 | 49 | 0 | 0.05 | |
| Striped marlir | ı | 388 | 385 | 3 | 0.36 | |
| Shortbill spea | rfish | 62 | 62 | 0 | 0.06 | |
| Swordfish | | 9,604 | 9,342 | 262 | 8.93 | |
| Other billfishe | s | 12 | 11 | 1 | 0.01 | |
| | Total | 10,115 | 9,849 | 266 | 9.40 | |
| Shark PMUS | | | | | | |
| Blue shark | | 6,332 | 0 | 6,332 | 5.88 | |
| Mako sharks | | 710 | 4 | 706 | 0.66 | |
| Thresher sha | rks | 44 | 0 | 44 | 0.04 | |
| Oceanic white | etip shark | 26 | 0 | 26 | 0.02 | |
| Silky shark | | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0.00 | |
| | Total | 7,117 | 4 | 7,113 | 6.61 | |
| Tuna PMUS | | | | | | |
| Albacore | | 1,395 | 1,376 | 19 | 1.30 | |
| Bigeye tuna | | 954 | 947 | 7 | 0.89 | |
| Yellowfin tuna | i | 1,067 | 1,055 | 12 | 0.99 | |
| Bluefin tuna | | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| Skipjack tuna | | 31 | 31 | 0 | 0.03 | |
| Other tunas | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| | Total | 3,451 | 3,413 | 38 | 3.21 | |
| Other PMUS | | | | | | |
| Mahimahi | | 1,501 | 1,498 | 3 | 1.39 | |
| Moonfish | | 29 | 27 | 2 | 0.03 | |
| Wahoo | | 35 | 35 | 0 | 0.03 | |
| Oilfish | | 227 | 131 | 96 | 0.21 | |
| Pomfret | | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0.01 | |
| | Total | 1,798 | 1,695 | 103 | 1.67 | |
| Total PMUS | | 22,481 | 14,961 | 7,520 | 20.89 | |
| Non-PMUS S | harks | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0.00 | |
| Total Non-PMUS | | 18 | 10 | 8 | 0.02 | |
| Total All Species | | 22,499 | 14,971 | 7,528 | 20.91 | |

Table 5. Hawaii and California-based pelagic longline vessels annual statistics for all fishing areas and with deep set type, including effort (number of vessels, trips, sets, and hooks set). For each listed species, organized by pelagic management unit species (PMUS) groups of billfish, shark, tuna, and other, the table includes the number of fish caught, kept, and released, and the catch per unit effort (CPUE, number per 1000 hooks, calculated as the sum of fish caught divided by the sum of hooks set). Data Source: PIFSC Information Management System, Longline Logbook Data.

| Report Coverage | | | Number of | 147 | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---|--------------------|---|
| Set Types De | January-31 eep sets Areas | December 2022 | Number of vessels active Number of trips (partial or completed) Number of sets Number of hooks set | | CPUE Number Caught per 1000 Hooks |
| Pelagic Management Uni Species (PMUS) | nit Number Caught | | Number Kept | Number Released | |
| PMUS | | | | | |
| Billfish PMUS | | | | | |
| Blue marlin | | 7,109 | 7,068 | 41 | 0.11 |
| Striped marlin | | 11,133 | 10,976 | 157 | 0.18 |
| Shortbill spearfish | ı | 11,031 | 10,788 | 243 | 0.17 |
| Swordfish | | 3,629 | 3,556 | 73 | 0.06 |
| Other billfishes | | 453 | 444 | 9 | 0.01 |
| | Total | 33,355 | 32,832 | 523 | 0.53 |
| Shark PMUS | | | | | |
| Blue shark | | 78,643 | 0 | 78,643 | 1.24 |
| Mako sharks | | 1,587 | 19 | 1,568 | 0.03 |
| Thresher sharks | | 8,215 | 31 | 8,184 | 0.13 |
| Oceanic whitetip s | shark | 384 | 0 | 384 | 0.01 |
| Silky shark | | 233 | 0 | 233 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 89,062 | 50 | 89,012 | 1.41 |
| Tuna PMUS | | | | | |
| Albacore | | 11,538 | 10,891 | 647 | 0.18 |
| Bigeye tuna | | 171,447 | 168,884 | 2,563 | 2.71 |
| Yellowfin tuna | | 83,969 | 82,127 | 1,842 | 1.33 |
| Bluefin tuna | | 11 | 10 | 1 | 0.00 |
| Skipjack tuna | | 12,586 | 12,426 | 160 | 0.20 |
| Other tunas | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 279,551 | 274,338 | 5,213 | 4.41 |
| Other PMUS | | | | | |
| Mahimahi | | 35,752 | 35,194 | 558 | 0.56 |
| Moonfish | | 4,955 | 4,951 | 4 | 0.08 |
| Wahoo | | 17,501 | 17,406 | 95 | 0.28 |
| Oilfish | | 9,664 | 7,837 | 1,827 | 0.15 |
| Pomfret | | 31,683 | 31,278 | 405 | 0.50 |
| | Total | 99,555 | 96,666 | 2,889 | 1.57 |
| Total PMUS | | 501,523 | 403,886 | 97,637 | 7.92 |
| Non-PMUS Shark | s | 247 | 1 | 246 | 0.00 |
| Total Non-PMUS | | 6,528 | 152 | 6,376 | 0.10 |
| Total All Species | | 508,051 | 404,038 | 104,013 | 8.02 |



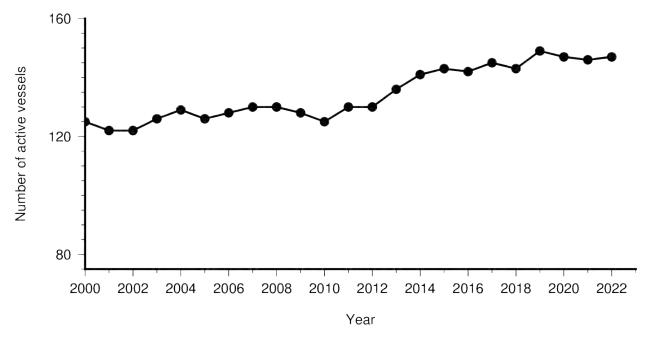


Figure 1: Number of active longline vessels based in Hawaii and California, by year for haul years 2000-2022.



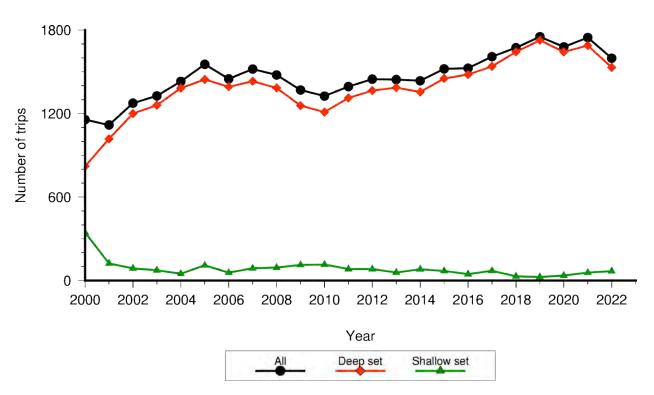


Figure 2: Number of longline trips based in Hawaii and California, by year for haul years 2000-2022.



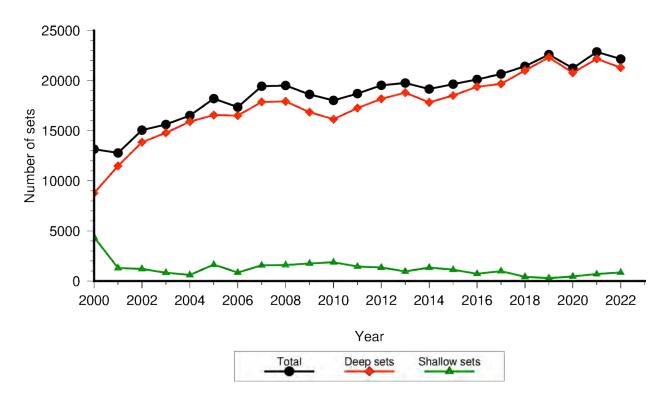
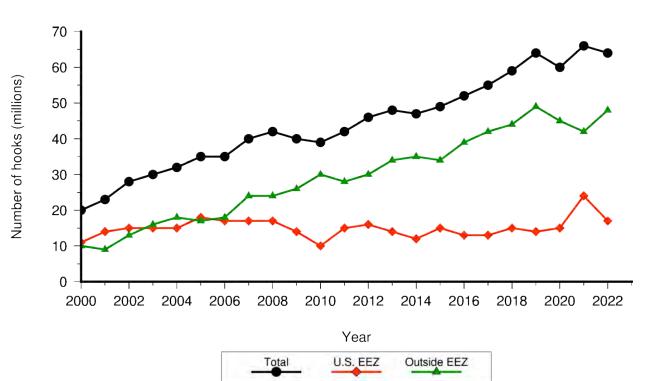


Figure 3: Number of fishing sets by vessels based in Hawaii and California, by year for haul years 2000-2022.



Hooks Set

Figure 4: Number of hooks in millions, set by vessels based in Hawaii and California by year, 2000-2022.

Tuna Catch

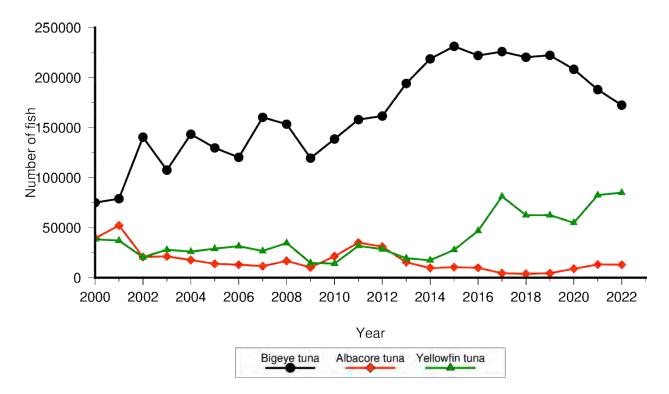
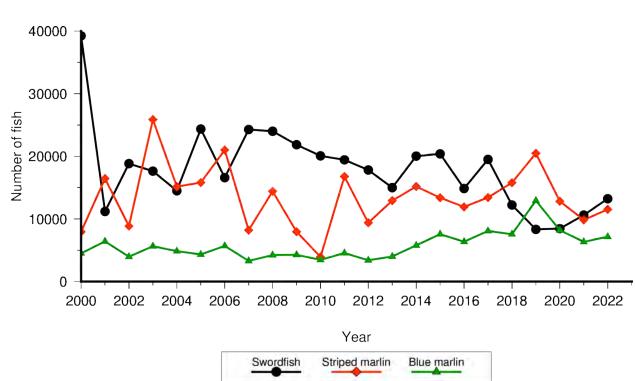


Figure 5: Annual catch (kept + released) of albacore tuna, bigeye tuna, and yellowfin tuna by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California by year, 2000-2022.



Billfish Catch

Figure 6: Annual catch (kept + released) of swordfish, striped marlin, and blue marlin by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California by year, 2000-2022.

Shark Catch

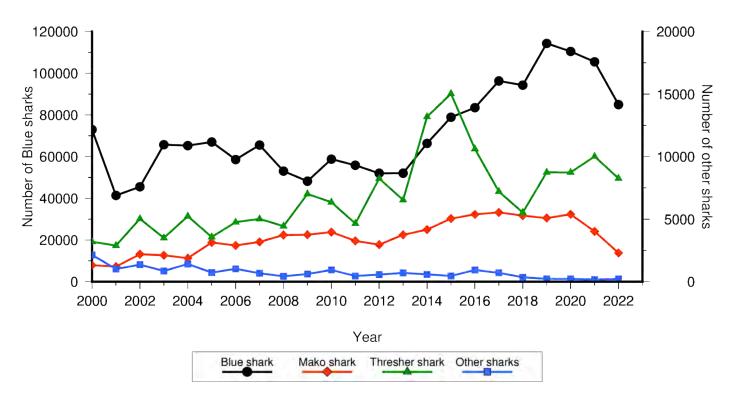
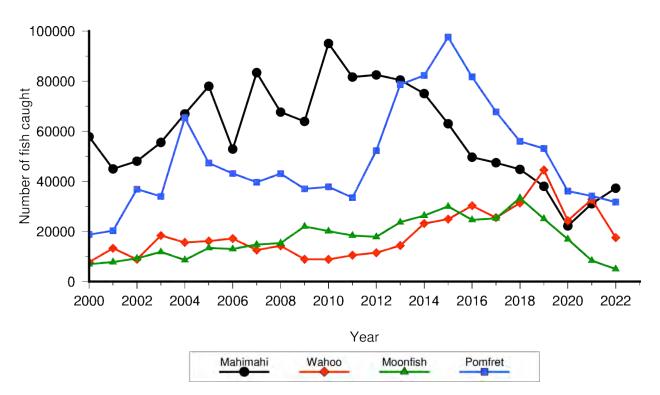


Figure 7: Annual catch (kept + released) of blue shark, mako shark, thresher shark, and other sharks by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California by year, 2000-2022.



Other PMUS Catch

Figure 8: Annual catch (kept + released) of mahimahi, wahoo, moonfish, and pomfret by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California by year 2000-2022.

Sets

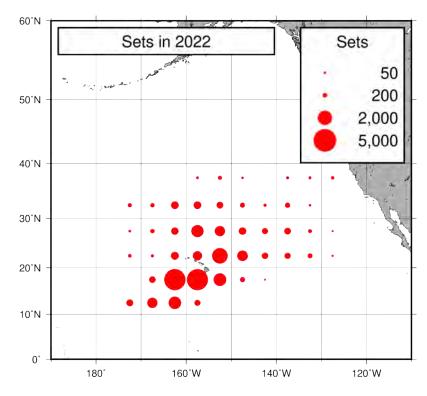


Figure 9: Spatial distribution of the total number of sets by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

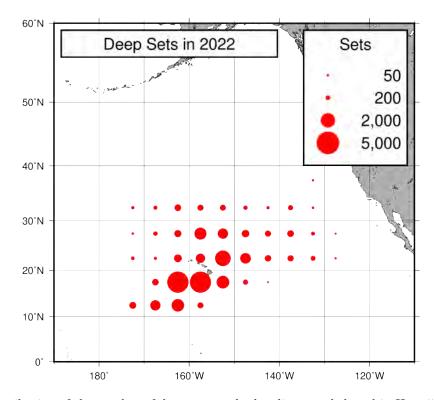


Figure 10: Spatial distribution of the number of deep-set sets by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

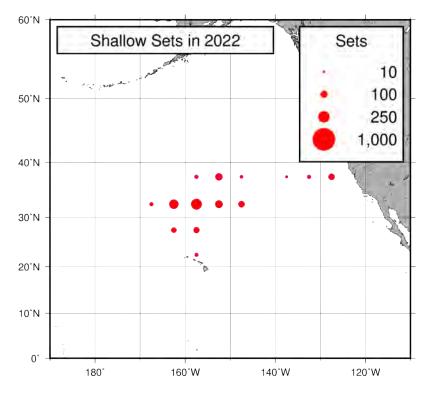
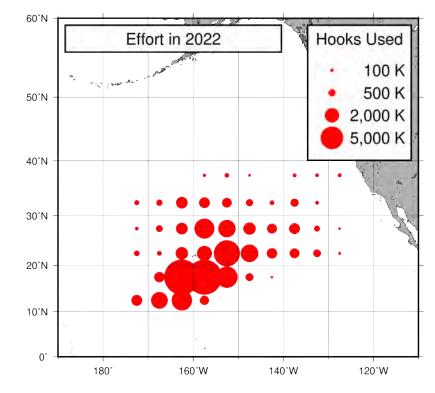


Figure 11: Spatial distribution of the number of shallow-set sets by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).



Total Effort

Figure 12: Spatial distribution of the total number of hooks set by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

Deep Effort

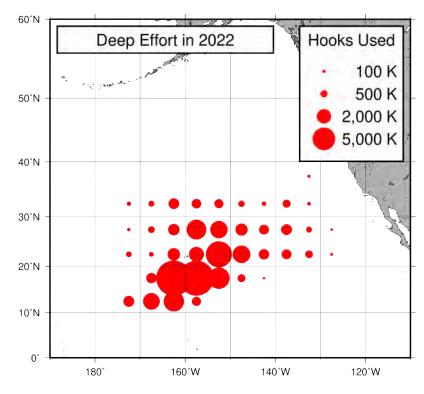


Figure 13: Spatial distribution of the number of deep-set hooks set by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

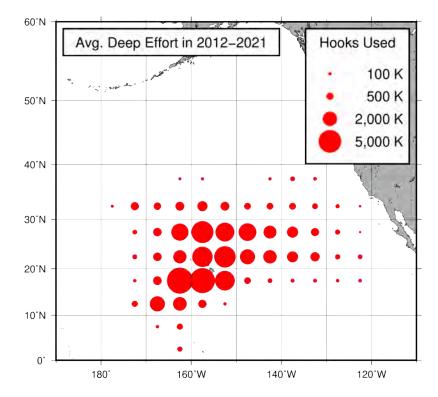


Figure 14: Spatial distribution of the average number of deep-set hooks set by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2012-2021 .

Shallow Effort

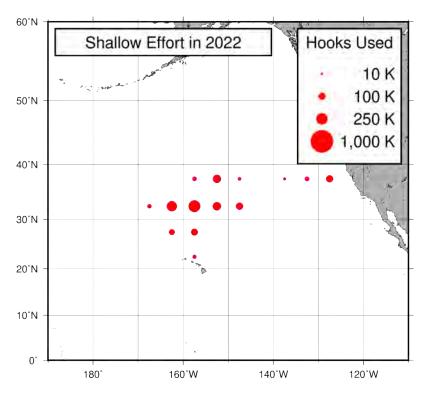


Figure 15: Spatial distribution of the number of shallow-set hooks set by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

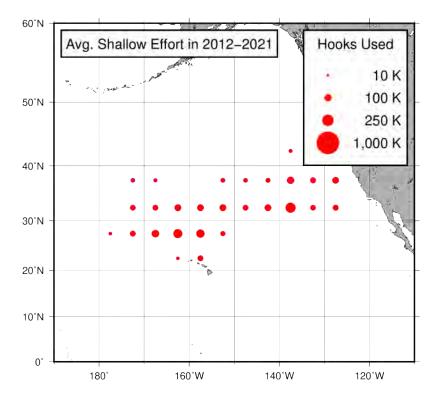


Figure 16: Spatial distribution of the average number of shallow-set hooks set by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2012-2021.

Bigeye Catch

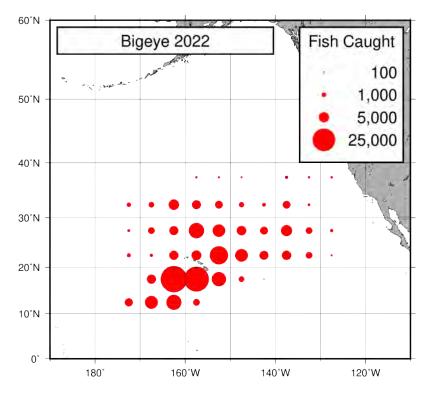


Figure 17: Spatial distribution of the total number of bigeye tuna caught by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

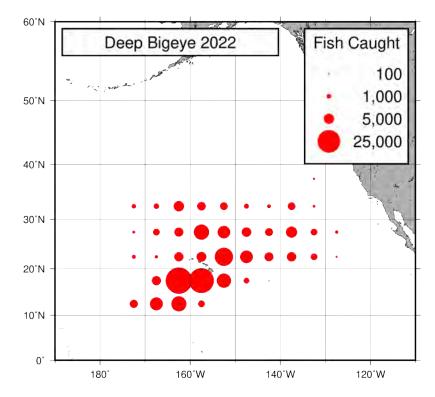


Figure 18: Spatial distribution of the number of deep-set bigeye tuna caught by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

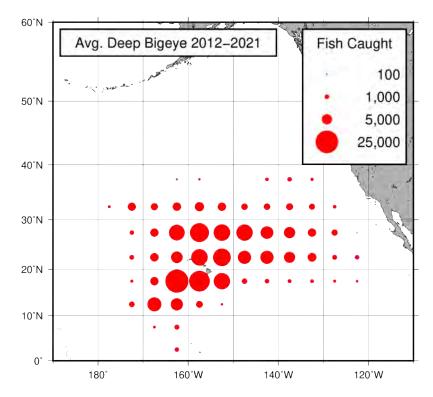


Figure 19: Spatial distribution of the average number of deep-set bigeye tuna caught by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2012-2021.

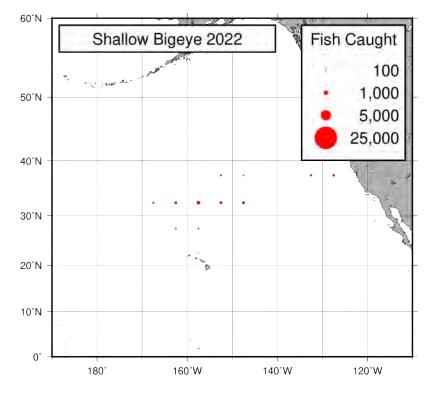


Figure 20: Spatial distribution of the number of shallow-set bigeye tuna caught by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

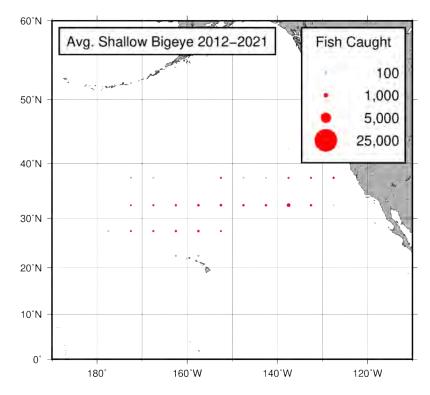
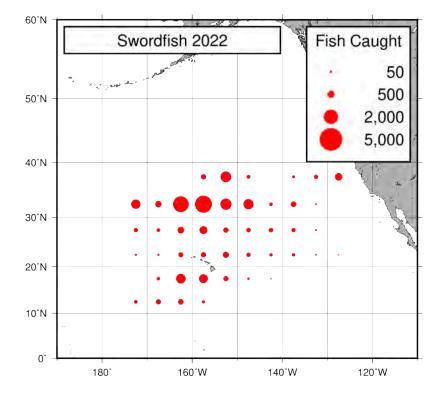


Figure 21: Spatial distribution of the average number of shallow-set bigeye tuna caught by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2012-2021.



Swordfish

Figure 22: Spatial distribution of the total number of swordfish caught, by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

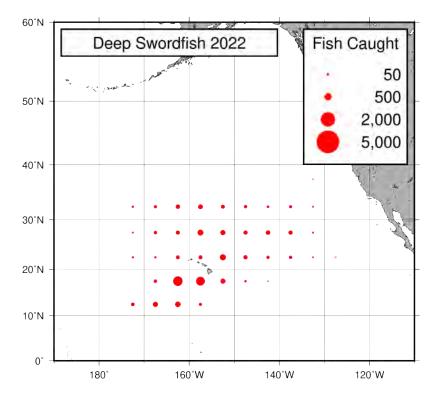


Figure 23: Spatial distribution of the number of deep-set swordfish caught, by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

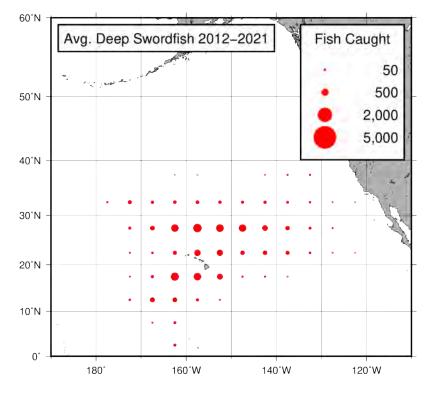


Figure 24: Spatial distribution of the average number of deep-set swordfish caught, by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2012-2021.

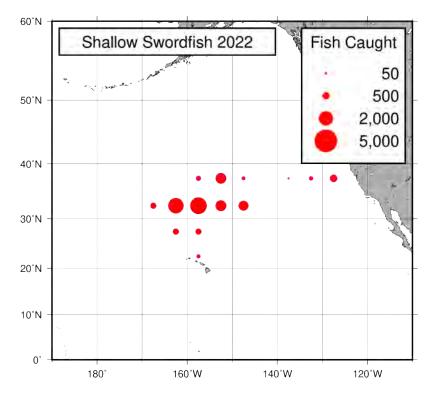


Figure 25: Spatial distribution of the number of shallow-set swordfish caught, by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2022 (provisional data).

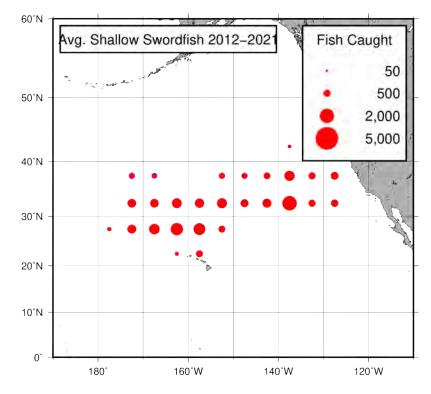


Figure 26: Spatial distribution of the average number of shallow-set swordfish caught, by longline vessels based in Hawaii and California fishing within the North Pacific Ocean, 2012-2021.